

**§ 271.4 Delegations to State agencies for administration.**

(a) *General delegation.* The State agency shall be responsible for the administration of the program within the State, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Certification of applicant households;
- (2) Issuance, control, and accountability of coupons;
- (3) Developing and maintaining complaint procedures;
- (4) Developing, conducting, and evaluating training;
- (5) Conducting performance reporting reviews;
- (6) Keeping records necessary to determine whether the program is being conducted in compliance with these regulations; and
- (7) Submitting accurate and timely financial and program reports.

(b) *Claims delegation.* FNS delegates to the State agency, subject to the standards in § 273.18, the authority to determine the amount of, and settle, adjust, compromise or deny all or part of any claim which results from fraudulent or nonfraudulent overissuances to participating households.

[Amdt. 132, 43 FR 47882, Oct. 17, 1978, as amended by Amdt. 207, 47 FR 52333, Nov. 19, 1982]

**§ 271.5 Coupons as obligations of the United States, crimes and offenses.**

(a) *Coupons as obligations.* Pursuant to section 15(d) of the Food Stamp Act, coupons are an obligation of the United States within the meaning of 18 United States Code (U.S.C.) 8. The provisions of Title 18 of the United States Code, “Crimes and Criminal Procedure,” relative to counterfeiting, misuse and alteration of obligations of the United States are applicable to coupons.

(b) *Penalties.* Any unauthorized issuance, redemption, use, transfer, acquisition, alteration, or possession of coupons, ATP cards, or other program access device may subject an individual, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity to prosecution under sections 15 (b) and (c) of the Food Stamp Act or under any other applicable Federal, State or local law, regulation or ordinance.

(1) Section 15(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act reads as follows:

Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, whoever knowingly uses, transfers, acquires, alters, or possesses coupons, authorization cards, or access devices in any manner contrary to this Act or the regulations issued pursuant to this Act shall, if such coupons, authorization cards, or access devices are of a value of \$5000 or more, be guilty of a felony and shall be fined not more than \$250,000 or imprisoned for not more than twenty years, or both, and shall, if such coupons or authorization cards are of a value of \$100 or more but less than \$5000 or if the item used, transferred, acquired, altered or possessed is an access device that has a value of \$100 or more but less than \$5000 be guilty of a felony and shall upon the first conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both, and upon the second and any subsequent conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than five years and may also be fined not more than \$10,000 or, if such coupons or authorization cards are of a value of less than \$100, or if the item used, transferred, acquired, altered, or possessed is an access device that has a value of less than \$100, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon the first conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1000 or imprisoned for not more than one year or both, and upon the second and any subsequent conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not more than one year and may also be fined not more than \$1000. In addition to such penalties, any person convicted of a felony or misdemeanor violation under this subsection may be suspended by the court from participation in the food stamp program for an additional period of up to eighteen months consecutive to that period of suspension mandated by section 6(b)(1) of this Act.

(2) Section 15(b)(2) of the Food Stamp Act reads as follows:

In the case of any individual convicted of an offense under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the court may permit such individual to perform work approved by the court for the purpose of providing restitution for losses incurred by the United States and the State agency as a result of the offense for which such individual was convicted. If the court permits such individual to perform such work and such individual agrees thereto, the court shall withhold the imposition of the sentence on the condition that such individual perform the assigned work. Upon the successful completion of the assigned work the court may suspend such sentence.

(3) Section 15(c) of the Food Stamp Act reads as follows:

Whoever presents, or causes to be presented, coupons for payment or redemption